SAFETY DATA SHEET

(REACH regulation (EC) n° 1907/2006 - n° 2020/878)

SECTION 1 : IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

CAS TSCA: 8023-83-4
CAS EINECS: 8023-83-4
EINECS: 232-427-5
Product name: CASTOREUM ABSOLUTE

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Aromatic Raw Material - Professional and industrial use.

Use descriptor system (REACH) :

REACH registration number: Exempt for registration under REACH - production < 1 ton/year.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name : Floral Concept.

Address : Parc d'Activité des Hauts de Grasse - 60, Allée des Arômes.06530.Saint Cezaire sur Siagne.France.

Telephone : 33 (0)4 93 66 66 00. Fax : 33 (0)4 93 40 45 00.

contact@floral-concept.com

http://www.floral-concept.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number : +33 (0)1 45 52 59 59.

Association/Organisation : ORFILA http:www.centres-antipoison.net.

Other emergency numbers

http://echa.europa.eu/fr/support/helpdesks/national-helpdesks/list-of-national-helpdesks

SECTION 2 : HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Skin irritation, Category 2 (Skin Irrit. 2, H315).

Serious eye damage, Category 1 (Eye Dam. 1, H318).

Skin sensitisation, Category 1 (Skin Sens. 1, H317).

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure), Category 2 (STOT RE 2, H373).

This substance does not present a physical hazard. Refer to the recommendations regarding the other products present on the site.

This substance does not present an environmental hazard. No known or foreseeable environmental damage under standard conditions of use.

2.2. Label elements

In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Hazard pictograms :



GHS05



GHS08



GHS07

Signal Word :

DANGER

Product identifiers (list of classified components) :

EC 200-618-2 BENZOIC ACID

EC 204-598-6 P-ETHYLPHENOL
EC 204-354-9 DIHYDROCOUMARIN
EC 202-590-7 ISOEUGENOL

Hazard statements :

H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (if inhaled).

Precautionary statements - Prevention :

P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection/ ...

Precautionary statements - Response :

P302 + P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water and soap.
P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P333 + P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

2.3. Other hazards

The substance does not fulfil the PBT or vPvP criteria in accordance with annexe XIII of the REACH regulations EC 1907/2006.

The substance has endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria of the Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 of the Commission or Regulation (EU) 2018/605 of the Commission.

SECTION 3 : COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances

Composition :

Identification	Classification (EC) 1272/2008	Note	%
CAS: 65-85-0 EC: 200-618-2 BENZOIC ACID	GHS05, GHS08 Dgr Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT RE 1, H372		4.7000%
CAS: 123-07-9 EC: 204-598-6 P-ETHYLPHENOL	GHS05 Dgr Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318		4.5000%
CAS: 119-84-6 EC: 204-354-9 DIHYDROCOUMARIN	GHS07 Wng Skin Sens. 1B, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 Acute Tox. 4, H302		3.3000%
CAS: 64-17-5 EC: 200-578-6 ETHYL ALCOHOL	GHS02, GHS07 Dgr Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Flam. Liq. 2, H225	[i]	2.8000%
CAS: 106-44-5 EC: 203-398-6 P-CRESOL	GHS05, GHS06 Dgr Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412		0.4000%

CAS: 97-54-1 EC: 202-590-7 ISOEUGENOL	GHS07 Wng Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT SE 3, H335		0.0050%

Specific concentration limits:

Identification	Specific concentration limits	ATE
CAS: 65-85-0 EC: 200-618-2 BENZOIC ACID		oral: ATE = 2565 mg/kg BW
CAS: 119-84-6 EC: 204-354-9 DIHYDROCOUMARIN		oral: ATE = 1460 mg/kg BW
CAS: 106-44-5 EC: 203-398-6 P-CRESOL		dermal: ATE = 300 mg/kg BW oral: ATE = 207 mg/kg BW
CAS: 97-54-1 EC: 202-590-7 ISOEUGENOL	Skin Sens. 1A: H317 C>= 0.01%	dermal: ATE = 1912 mg/kg BW oral: ATE = 542 mg/kg BW

Information on ingredients :

[i] Substance for which maximum workplace exposure limits are available.

SECTION 4 : FIRST AID MEASURES

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor.

NEVER induce swallowing by an unconscious person.

4.1. description of first aid measures

In the event of exposure by inhalation :

In the event of massive inhalation of dust, remove the person exposed to fresh air. Keep warm and at rest.

If the person is unconscious, place in recovery position. Notify a doctor in all events, to ascertain whether observation and supportive hospital care will be necessary.

In the event of splashes or contact with eyes :

Wash thoroughly with fresh, clean water for 15 minutes holding the eyelids open.

Regardless of the initial state, refer the patient to an ophthalmologist and show him the label.

If there is any redness, pain or visual impairment, consult an ophthalmologist.

In the event of splashes or contact with skin :

Remove contaminated clothing and wash the skin thoroughly with soap and water or a recognised cleaner.

Watch out for any remaining product between skin and clothing, watches, shoes, etc.

In the event of an allergic reaction, seek medical attention.

If the contaminated aera is widespread and/or there is damage to the skin, a doctor must be consulted or the patient transferred to hospital.

In the event of swallowing :

Do not give the patient anything orally.

In the event of swallowing, if the quantity is small (no more than one mouthful), rinse the mouth with water and consult a doctor.

Seek medical attention immediately, showing the label.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available.

SECTION 5 : FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Non-flammable.

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, use :

- sprayed water or water mist
- foam
- multipurpose ABC powder
- BC powder
- carbon dioxide (CO_2)

Unsuitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, do not use :

- water jet

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

A fire will often produce a thick black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may be hazardous to health.

Do not breathe in smoke.

In the event of a fire, the following may be formed :

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO_2)

5.3. Advice for firefighters

No data available.

SECTION 6 : ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Consult the safety measures listed under headings 7 and 8.

For non first aid worker

Avoid inhaling the vapors.

Avoid any contact with the skin and eyes.

Avoid inhaling dust.

If a large quantity has been spilt, evacuate all personnel and only allow intervention by trained operators equipped with safety apparatus.

For first aid worker

First aid workers will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment (See section 8).

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent any material from entering drains or waterways.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Retrieve the product by mechanical means (sweeping/vacuuming).

Important spillage should be contained by use of sand or an inery absorbent product.

Pump and rinse with water after waste recovery.

Waste and rinsing water should be disposed by an accredited company.

6.4. Reference to other sections

No data available.

SECTION 7 : HANDLING AND STORAGE

Requirements relating to storage premises apply to all facilities where the substance is handled.

Individuals with a history of skin sensitisation should not, under any circumstance, handle this substance.

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Always wash hands after handling.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using.

Provide emergency showers and eye wash stations will be required in facilities where the substance is handled constantly.

Fire prevention :

Handle in well-ventilated areas.

Prevent access by unauthorised personnel.

Recommended equipment and procedures :

For personal protection, see section 8.

Observe precautions stated on label and also industrial safety regulations.

Do not inhale vapours.

Do not breathe in dust.

Avoid inhaling vapors. Carry out any industrial operation which may give rise to this in a sealed apparatus.

Provide vapor extraction at the emission source and also general ventilation of the premises.

Also provide breathing apparatus for certain short tasks of an exceptional nature and for emergency interventions.

In all cases, recover emissions at source.

Avoid eye contact with this substance at all times.

Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

Prohibited equipment and procedures :

No smoking, eating or drinking in areas where the substance is used.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

No data available.

Storage

Store in cool, dry and ventilated area, away from heat sources, sparks and open flames, protect from light in tightly closed original container.

Packaging

Always keep in packaging made of an identical material to the original.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

SECTION 8 : EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits :

- UK :

CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
64-17-5 ETHYL ALCOHOL	1000 ppm 1920 mg/m3				

8.2. Exposure controls

Personal protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Pictogram(s) indicating the obligation of wearing personal protective equipment (PPE) :



Use personal protective equipment that is clean and has been properly maintained.

Store personal protective equipment in a clean place, away from the work area.

Never eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using. Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

- Eye / face protection

Avoid contact with eyes.

Use eye protectors designed to protect against liquid splashes

Before handling, wear safety goggles with protective sides accordance with standard ISO 16321.

In the event of high danger, protect the face with a face shield.

Before handling powders or dust emission, wear mask goggles in accordance with standard ISO 16321.

Prescription glasses are not considered as protection.

Individuals wearing contact lenses should wear prescription glasses during work where they may be exposed to irritant vapours.

Provide eyewash stations in facilities where the product is handled constantly.

- Hand protection

Wear suitable protective gloves in the event of prolonged or repeated skin contact.

Use suitable protective gloves that are resistant to chemical agents in accordance with standard EN ISO 374-1.

Gloves must be selected according to the application and duration of use at the workstation.

Protective gloves need to be selected according to their suitability for the workstation in question : other chemical products that may be handled, necessary physical protections (cutting, pricking, heat protection), level of dexterity required.

Type of gloves recommended :

- Nitrile rubber (butadiene-acrylonitrile copolymer rubber (NBR))
- PVA (Polyvinyl alcohol)

- Body protection

Avoid skin contact.

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Suitable type of protective clothing :

In the event of substantial spatter, wear liquid-tight protective clothing against chemical risks (type 3) in accordance with EN14605/A1 to prevent skin contact.

Wear protective clothing against solid chemicals and particles suspended in the air (type 5) in accordance with standard EN13982-1/A1 to prevent skin contact.

In the event of a risk of splashing, wear protective clothing against chemical risks (type 6) in accordance with EN13034/A1 to prevent skin contact.

Wear suitable protective clothing, in particular overalls and boots. These items must be kept in good condition and cleaned after use.

Wear suitable protective clothing and, in particular, an apron and boots. These items of clothing shall be maintained in good condition and cleaned after use.

Work clothing worn by personnel shall be laundered regularly.

After contact with the product, all parts of the body that have been soiled must be washed.

- Respiratory protection

Avoid inhaling vapors.

Avoid inhaling dust.

If the ventilation is insufficient, wear appropriate breathing apparatus.

When workers are confronted with concentrations that are above occupational exposure limits, they must wear a suitable, approved, respiratory protection device.

Type of FFP mask :

Wear a disposable half-mask dust filter in accordance with standard EN149/A1.

Category :

- FFP3
- FFP1

Anti-gas and vapour filter(s) (Combined filters) in accordance with standard EN14387 :

- A3 (Brown)
- A1 (Brown)

SECTION 9 : PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state

Physical state :	Solid.
Appearance :	Thick liquid or solid at room temperature.

Colour

Color :	Dark brown.

Odour

Odour threshold :	Not stated.
Odour :	Animal, warm, leather

Melting point

Melting point/melting range :	Not specified.

Freezing point

Freezing point / Freezing range :	Not stated.

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range

Boiling point/boiling range :	Not specified.

Flammability

Flammability (solid, gas) :	Not stated.

Lower and upper explosion limit

Explosive properties, lower explosivity limit (%) :	Not stated.
Explosive properties, upper explosivity limit (%) :	Not stated.

Flash point

Flash Point :	100.00 °C.
--Method:	ISO 11018:1997 (closed cup).

Auto-ignition temperature

Self-ignition temperature :	Not specified.

Decomposition temperature

Decomposition point/decomposition range :	Not specified.

pH

pH :	Not relevant.
pH (aqueous solution) :	Not stated.

Kinematic viscosity

Viscosity :	Not stated.
Viscosity:	v < 7 mm2/s (40°C)
--Method:	Estimated value.

Solubility

Water solubility :	Insoluble.
Fat solubility :	Not stated.
Solubility :	From soluble to partially soluble in ethyl alcohol - ISO 875:1999.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water :	Not stated.

Vapour pressure

Vapour pressure (50°C) :	Not relevant.
--Method:	Estimated value.

Density and/or relative density

Density :	[- ; -] - ISO 279:1999.

Relative vapour density

Vapour density : Not stated.

Particle characteristics

The substance does not contain nanoforms.

9.2. Other information

Optical rotation : [- ; -] - ISO 592:1999.
Index of refraction : [- ; -] - ISO 280:1999.
Transformation's country : France.
Country of origin for the raw material : Canada.

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

No data available.

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

No data available.

SECTION 10 : STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

Oxidation risk on a long-term period.

10.2. Chemical stability

This substance is stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions in section 7.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid :

- formation of dusts

Dusts can form an explosive mixture with air.

Excessive temperatures (>40°C)

Light exposure.

Heat source exposure.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Acids, bases and oxidizers.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

The thermal decomposition may release/form :

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

SECTION 11 : TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

11.1.1. Substances

a) Acute toxicity :

ISOEUGENOL (CAS: 97-54-1)

Oral route : LD50 = 542 mg/kg body weight

Dermal route : LD50 = 1912 mg/kg body weight

P-CRESOL (CAS: 106-44-5)

Oral route : LD50 = 207 mg/kg body weight

Dermal route : LD50 = 300 mg/kg body weight

DIHYDROCOUMARIN (CAS: 119-84-6)

Oral route :	LD50 = 1460 mg/kg body weight

BENZOIC ACID (CAS: 65-85-0)

Oral route :	LD50 = 2565 mg/kg body weight

b) Skin corrosion/skin irritation :

May cause irreversible damage to the skin; namely inflammation of the skin or the formation of erythema and eschar or oedema following exposure up to four hours.

c) Serious damage to eyes/eye irritation :

May have irreversible effects on the eyes, such as tissue damage in the eye, or serious physical decay of sight, which is not fully reversible by the end of observation at 21 days.

Serious eye damage is typified by the destruction of cornea, persistent corneal opacity and iritis.

d) Respiratory or skin sensitisation :

May cause an allergic reaction by skin contact.

e) Germ cell mutagenicity :

No data available.

f) Carcinogenicity :

No data available.

g) Reproductive toxicant :

No data available.

h) Specific target organ systemic toxicity - single exposure :

No data available.

i) Specific target organ systemic toxicity - repeated exposure :

May cause severe damage to organs in the event of repeated or prolonged exposure.

j) Aspiration hazard :

No data available.

11.1.2 Complex substance

11.1.2.1 Information on hazard classes

a) Acute toxicity :

Oral route :	No data available.
Dermal route :	No data available.

b) Skin corrosion/skin irritation :

May cause irreversible damage to the skin; namely inflammation of the skin or the formation of erythema and eschar or oedema following exposure up to four hours.

c) Serious damage to eyes/eye irritation :

May have irreversible effects on the eyes, such as tissue damage in the eye, or serious physical decay of sight, which is not fully reversible by the end of observation at 21 days.

Serious eye damage is typified by the destruction of cornea, persistent corneal opacity and iritis.

d) Respiratory or skin sensitisation :

May cause an allergic reaction by skin contact.

e) Germ cell mutagenicity :

No data available.

f) Carcinogenicity :

No data available.

g) Reproductive toxicant :

No data available.

h) Specific target organ systemic toxicity - single exposure :

No data available.

i) Specific target organ systemic toxicity - repeated exposure :

May cause severe damage to organs in the event of repeated or prolonged exposure.

j) Aspiration hazard :

No data available.

11.1.2.2 Other information

Monograph(s) from the IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) :

CAS 97-54-1 : IARC Group 2B : The agent is possibly carcinogenic to humans.

CAS 75-07-0 : IARC Group 1 : The agent is carcinogenic to humans.

CAS 97-53-0 : IARC Group 3 : The agent is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

CAS 64-17-5 : IARC Group 1 : The agent is carcinogenic to humans.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

The substance has not been evaluated as an endocrine disruptor with effects on human health.

SECTION 12 : ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

12.1.2 Complex substance

No aquatic toxicity data available for the substances.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

No data available.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No data available.

12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

The substance has not been evaluated as an endocrine disruptor with environmental effects.

12.7. Other adverse effects

No data available.

German regulations concerning the classification of hazards for water (WGK, AwSV Annex I, KBws) :

WGK 1 : Slightly hazardous for water.

SECTION 13 : DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Proper waste management of the substance and/or its container must be determined in accordance with Directive 2008/98/EC.

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not pour into drains or waterways.

Waste :

Waste management is carried out without endangering human health, without harming the environment and, in particular without risk to water, air, soil, plants or animals.

Recycle or dispose of waste in compliance with current legislation, via a certified collector or company.

Do not contaminate the ground or water with waste, do not dispose of waste into the environment.

Soiled packaging :

Empty container completely. Keep label(s) on container.

Give to a certified disposal contractor.

SECTION 14 : TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Exempt from transport classification and labelling.

14.1. UN number or ID number

-

14.2. UN proper shipping name

-

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

-

14.4. Packing group

-

14.5. Environmental hazards

-

14.6. Special precautions for user

-

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

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SECTION 15 : REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Classification and labelling information included in section 2:

The following regulations have been used:

- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 2023/707.
- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 2024/2564. (ATP 22)

Container information:

No data available.

Particular provisions :

No data available.

Restrictions applied under Title VIII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH):

Substance not restricted under Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) no. 1907/2006 (REACH): https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach.

Authorisations agreed under Title VII of Regulation (EC) No.1907/2006 (REACH):

The substance is not subject to authorisation according to Annex XIV of the REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006: https://echa.europa.eu/en/authorisation-list.

Substances that deplete the ozone layer (EC Regulation No. 1005/2009, Montreal Protocol) :

The substance does not pose a risk to the ozone layer.

Persistent organic pollutants (POP) (Regulation (EU) 2019/1021):

The substance is not a persistent organic pollutant.

PIC Regulation (EU) No 649/2012 concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals (Rotterdam Convention):

The substance is not subject to the Prior Informed Consent (PIC) procedure.

Explosives precursors :

The substance is not subject to Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors.

German regulations concerning the classification of hazards for water (WGK, AwSV Annex I, KBws) :

WGK 1 : Slightly hazardous for water.

Swiss ordinance on the incentive tax on volatile organic compounds :

99-87-6	p-cymène
100-51-6	Alcool benzylique
64-17-5	éthanol, seulement s'il s'agit d'alcools impropres à la consommation (art. 31 de la loi fédérale sur l'alcool)

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No data available.

SECTION 16 : OTHER INFORMATION

Since the user's working conditions are not known by us, the information supplied on this safety data sheet is based on our current level of knowledge and on national and community regulations.

It is at all times the responsibility of the user to take all necessary measures to comply with legal requirements and local regulations.

The information in this safety data sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements relating to the substance and not as a guarantee of the properties thereof.

Wording of the phrases mentioned in section 3 :

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure .
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Abbreviations and acronyms :

LD50 : The dose of a test substance resulting in 50% lethality in a given time period.

REACH : Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemical Substances.

ATE : Acute Toxicity Estimate

BW : Body Weight

STEL : Short-term exposure limit

TWA : Moyenne pondérée dans le temps

TLV : Threshold Limit Value (exposure)

AEV : Average Exposure Value.

ADR : European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by Road.

GHS05 : Corrosion

GHS07 : Exclamation mark

GHS08 : Health hazard

IATA : International Air Transport Association.

IMDG : International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

ICAO : International Civil Aviation Organisation

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic.

PIC: Prior Informed Consent.

POP: Persistent Organic Pollutant.

RID : Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail.

SVHC : Substances of very high concern.

AK-ertek : Permissible average concentration

WGK : Wassergefahrdungsklasse (Water Hazard Class).